STATE OF ILLINOIS

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

IN TH	IE MATTER OF:)	
	REEDIA D. REED,)	
	Complainant,))	
and	RAMADA INN OF SPRINGFIELD,) CHARGE NO(S):) EEOC NO(S):) ALS NO(S):	2003SF2150 21BA31104 S04-101
	Respondent.	<i>)</i>)	

RECOMMENDED ORDER AND DECISION

This matter is ready for a Recommended Order and Decision pursuant to the Illinois Human Rights Act (775 ILCS 5/1-101 et seq.). On March 24, 2004, an Order was entered which set this matter for a hearing on the issue of damages after Respondent had previously been held to be in default. A public hearing was held before me on the issue of damages on June 16, 2004 in Springfield, Illinois. Complainant was the only party to appear at the public hearing, and the time for filing any brief has expired.

Contentions of the Parties

In the underlying Charge of Discrimination, Complainant asserts that she was the victim of race discrimination when she was terminated from her position as a housekeeper at Respondent's hotel. Complainant contended during the public hearing that she suffered lost wages as a result of her termination, and that she was required to incur attorney's fees during the prosecution of her claim.

Findings of Fact

Based upon the record in this matter, I make the following findings of fact:

- On July 6, 2002, Complainant, an African-American, was hired by Respondent to be a housekeeper. Complainant's salary at this time was \$6.75 per hour and generally worked a forty-hour work week.
- 2. On July 29, 2002, Respondent terminated Complainant from her position as a housekeeper.
- Respondent treated more favorably similarly situated workers outside of Complainant's protected classification.
- 4. From the time of Complainant's termination to the date of the public hearing (i.e., 98 weeks) Complainant would have earned \$26,460 (i.e., \$6.75 per hour for a forty-hour work week (\$270) times 98 equals \$26,460) at Respondent's hotel. During this same time frame Complainant earned \$3,321 from a different employer and received \$1,182 in assistance benefits from the City of Topeka. After subtracting what Complainant received from her subsequent employment and her assistance benefits, Complainant's net lost wages are \$21,957.
- At all times pertinent to this case, Attorney John Baker represented
 Complainant in the proceedings before the Department of Human Rights and the
 Commission.
- 6. Complainant incurred a total of \$337.50 in attorney fees that arose out of the filing of the Charge of Discrimination and counsel's attendance at the fact-finding conference. Such fees are reasonable.

Conclusions of Law

- Complainant is an "employee" as that term is defined under the Human Rights Act.
- Respondent, Ramada Inn of Springfield, is an "employer" as that term is defined under the Human Rights Act and was subject to the provisions of the Human Rights Act.

- As a consequence of the default order entered on March 24, 2004, all of the allegations contained in Complainant's Charge of Discrimination are deemed admitted.
- 4. A prevailing complainant may receive lost wages arising out her Human Rights Act claim, as well as attorney fees incurred to maintain her action.

Discussion

On March 24, 2004, the Commission entered an Order finding Respondent to be in default due to its failure to file a verified response to the Charge of Discrimination and its failure to attend the fact-finding conference. The allegations of the Charge of Discrimination indicate that Respondent terminated Complainant, an African-American, from her position as a housekeeper under circumstances where it would not have terminated similarly situated employees outside of Complainant's race. As such, these admitted allegations adequately support Complainant's claim that she was a victim of discrimination on account of her race.

As to her damages, the record established that Complainant was paid a salary of \$6.75 per hour for a forty-hour work week, and that in the 98 weeks between the time of her termination and the date of the public hearing, Complainant would have earned \$26,460. However, during this time frame Complainant worked at a different employer and earned a total of \$3,321, which must be deducted from the gross wage total. Moreover, Complainant received a total of \$1,182 in assistance benefits during this same time frame, which Complainant's counsel concedes must be subtracted from Complainant's back wages claim. However, Respondent will be directed to pay Complainant \$1,182 should she be required to refund her assistance benefits. Thus, in making all of the relevant subtractions, I find that Complainant is entitled to \$21,957 in back wages. Additionally, I find that Complainant's claim of \$337.50 for attorney's fees incurred in this matter is reasonable.

Recommendation

For all of the above reasons, I recommend that the Commission enter an Order

which:

1. Directs Respondent to pay Complainant the sum of \$21,957 in back

wages. Should Complainant be required by the City of Topeka to pay back the

assistance benefits of \$1,182 that she previously received, she should notify

Respondent of this obligation. Within 30 days after this notification, Respondent shall

pay to Complainant any amounts of unemployment compensation benefits that she is

required to repay to the Department of Labor.

2. Directs Respondent to pay Complainant the sum of \$337.50 representing

attorney's fees incurred by Complainant.

3. Directs Respondent to cease and desist from discriminating on the basis

of race.

HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

BY: _____

MICHAEL R. ROBINSON Administrative Law Judge Administrative Law Section

ENTERED THE 28th DAY OF APRIL, 2005

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